

檔		保存年限
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## 經濟部國際貿易局 函

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820001  
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受文者：台灣螺絲工業同業公會

發文日期：中華民國111年6月16日  
發文字號：貿多字第1117019059號  
速別：普通件  
密等及解密條件或保密期限：  
附件：如文(1117019059-1.pdf、1117019059-2.pdf)

主旨：有關美國商務部(DOC)公告對我國特定鋼釘反傾銷稅2020年至2021年行政複查初步認定事，請查照並轉知會員廠商。

說明：

- 一、依據駐美國代表處經濟組本(111)年6月14日經美字第1110000618號函辦理（如附件1），本局去(110)年9月8日貿多字第1107028591號函諒達。
- 二、美國DOC於本年6月13日在聯邦公報公告對我國特定鋼釘(Certain Steel Nails)反傾銷稅行政複查初步認定（如附件2），複查期間為2020年7月1日至2021年6月30日，相關要點如次：
  - (一)撤回鼎浦、博納斯物流、竹洲、和良、龍浦等59家廠商之行政複查（詳附件2第5頁附錄3），因該等複查申請已被相關申請人撤回；
  - (二)初步認定Astrotech Steels Private Limited、Geekay Wires Limited、Region Industries Co., Ltd、Region System Sdn. Bhd、Wiresmith Industrial Co., Ltd.、Create Trading Co., Ltd.等



6家廠商無出口涉案產品至美國；

(三)金壯穩貿易、亮泉工業/新鑫金屬、亮凱興業社等指定  
應答廠商傾銷差額為78.17%，其餘59家我商傾銷差額亦  
為78.17%（詳附件2第5頁附錄2）。

三、利害關係人可於本案公布於聯邦公報後30日內向商務部提  
出書面意見。

正本：台灣鋼線鋼纜工業同業公會、台灣螺絲工業同業公會

副本：中華民國全國工業總會（含附件）、駐美國代表處經濟組、本局局長室、劉副局  
長室、雙邊貿易二組

局長 江文若



檔		保存年限
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## 駐美國代表處經濟組 函

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發文日期：中華民國111年6月14日

發文字號：經美字第1110000618號

速別：普通件

密等及解密條件或保密期限：

附件：如文（經美1110000618\_Attach1.pdf）

主旨：陳報美國商務部公告對我國「鐵釘」反傾銷稅2020年至2021年行政複查初判結果事，敬請查照。

說明：

一、相關文號：本組上(110)年9月3日經美字第1100001127號函。

二、美商務部本(2022)年6月13日公告旨揭初判結果：

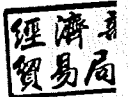
(一)本案複查期間2020年7月1日至2021年6月30日，商務部撤回包括茂綱實業(Aplus Pneumatic Corp.)等共59家廠商之行政複查(詳如公告附錄3公司清單)。

(二)商務部初步認定本案複查期間並無出貨之廠商為Astrotech Steels Private Limited、Geekay Wires Limited、Region Industries Co., Ltd、Region System Sdn. Bhd共4家公司。

(三)商務部初步認定傾銷差額：

1、金壯穩貿易、亮泉工業/新鑫金屬、亮凱興業社：78.17%。

2、包括Acu-Transport Co., Ltd.等共59家公司(詳如附



國際貿易局 111/06/15



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錄2公司清單)：78.17%。

(四)利害關係人可於本案初判公布於聯邦公報(本年6月13日)  
後30日內向商務部提出書面意見。

三、檢附本案公告(如附件)，併請卓參。

正本：經濟部國際貿易局

副本：電子公文交換章  
2022/06/15 08:16:40



## Background

On November 17, 2010, Commerce published in the *Federal Register* the AD and CVD orders on coated paper from China and Indonesia.<sup>1</sup> On December 1, 2021, the ITC instituted,<sup>2</sup> and Commerce initiated,<sup>3</sup> the second sunset reviews of the *Orders*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). As a result of its reviews, Commerce determined that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and countervailable subsidies and, therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins and net subsidy rates likely to prevail should the *Orders* be revoked.<sup>4</sup> On June 7, 2022, the ITC published its determinations, pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(a) of the Act, that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.<sup>5</sup>

## Scope of the Orders

The merchandise covered by the *Orders* includes certain coated paper

<sup>1</sup> See *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Order*, 75 FR 70203 (November 17, 2010); see also *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from Indonesia: Antidumping Duty Order*, 75 FR 70205 (November 17, 2010); *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Countervailing Duty Order*, 75 FR 70201 (November 17, 2010); and *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from Indonesia: Countervailing Duty Order*, 75 FR 70206 (November 17, 2010) (collectively, *Orders*).

<sup>2</sup> See *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from China and Indonesia: Institution of Five-Year Reviews*, 86 FR 68272 (December 1, 2021).

<sup>3</sup> See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews*, 86 FR 68220 (December 1, 2021).

<sup>4</sup> See *Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from Indonesia and the People's Republic of China: Final Results of the Second Expedited Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders*, 87 FR 19664 (April 5, 2022); see also *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order*, 87 FR 18354 (March 30, 2022); and *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from Indonesia: Final Results of Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order*, 87 FR 16715 (March 24, 2022).

<sup>5</sup> See *Certain Coated Paper Suitable for High-Quality Print Graphics Using Sheet-Fed Presses from China and Indonesia*, 87 FR 34719 (June 7, 2022); see also ITC's Letter, Investigation Nos. 701-TA-470-471 and 731-TA-1169-1170 (Second Review), dated June 2, 2022.

and paperboard<sup>6</sup> in sheets suitable for high quality print graphics using sheet-fed presses; coated on one or both sides with kaolin (China or other clay), calcium carbonate, titanium dioxide, and/or other inorganic substances; with or without a binder; having a GE brightness level of 80 or higher,<sup>7</sup> weighing not more than 340 grams per square meter; whether gloss grade, satin grade, matte grade, dull grade, or any other grade of finish; whether or not surface-colored, surface-decorated, printed (except as described below), embossed, or perforated; and irrespective of dimensions (Certain Coated Paper).

Certain Coated Paper includes (a) coated free sheet paper and paperboard that meets this scope definition; (b) coated groundwood paper and paperboard produced from bleached chemi-thermo-mechanical pulp (BCTMP) that meets this scope definition; and (c) any other coated paper and paperboard that meets this scope definition.

Certain Coated Paper is typically (but not exclusively) used for printing multi-colored graphics for catalogues, books, magazines, envelopes, labels and wraps, greeting cards, and other commercial printing applications requiring high quality print graphics.

Specifically excluded from the scope are imports of paper and paperboard printed with final content printed text or graphics.

Imports of the subject merchandise are provided for under the following categories of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS): 4810.14.11, 4810.14.1900, 4810.14.2010, 4810.14.2090, 4810.14.5000, 4810.14.6000, 4810.14.70, 4810.19.1100, 4810.19.1900, 4810.19.2010, 4810.19.2090, 4810.22.1000, 4810.22.50, 4810.22.6000, 4810.22.70, 4810.29.1000, 4810.29.5000, 4810.29.6000, 4810.29.70, 4810.32, 4810.39 and 4810.92. While HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the *Orders* is dispositive.

<sup>6</sup> "Paperboard" refers to Certain Coated Paper that is heavier, thicker and more rigid than coated paper which otherwise meets the product description. In the context of Certain Coated Paper, paperboard typically is referred to as "cover," to distinguish it from "text."

<sup>7</sup> One of the key measurements of any grade of paper is brightness. Generally speaking, the brighter the paper the better the contrast between the paper and the ink. Brightness is measured using a GE Reflectance Scale, which measures the reflection of light off of a grade of paper. One is the lowest reflection, or what would be given to a totally black grade, and 100 is the brightest measured grade.

## Continuation of the Orders

As a result of the determinations by Commerce and the ITC that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States, pursuant to section 751(d)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(a), Commerce hereby orders the continuation of the *Orders*. U.S. Customs and Border Protection will continue to collect AD and CVD cash deposits at the rates in effect at the time of entry for all imports of subject merchandise.

The effective date of continuation of the *Orders* will be the date of publication in the *Federal Register* of this notice of continuation. Pursuant to section 751(c)(2) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(c)(2), Commerce intends to initiate the next five-year reviews of the *Orders* not later than 30 days prior to the fifth anniversary of the effective date of continuation.

## Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return/destruction or conversion to judicial protective order of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Failure to comply is a violation of the APO which may be subject to sanctions.

## Notification to Interested Parties

These five-year (sunset) reviews and this notice are in accordance with sections 751(c) and 751(d)(2) of the Act and published in accordance with section 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4).

Dated: June 7, 2022.

Lisa W. Wang,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2022-12706 Filed 6-10-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-583-854]

### Certain Steel Nails From Taiwan: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Preliminary Determination of No Shipments, and Partial Rescission of Review; 2020-2021

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.



**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that certain steel nails from Taiwan were sold in the United States at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

**DATES:** Applicable June 13, 2022.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Irene Gorelik, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-6905.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background**

On July 13, 2015, the Department of Commerce (Commerce) published the antidumping duty (AD) order on certain steel nails (nails) from Taiwan.<sup>1</sup> On July 1, 2021, Commerce published in the *Federal Register* a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the *Order*.<sup>2</sup> On July 30, 2021, Encore Green Co., Ltd. and Liang Kai Co. requested an administrative review.<sup>3</sup> On July 30, 2021, Commerce received a request for an administrative review of 128 producers and/or exporters of subject merchandise, filed on behalf of Mid Continent Steel & Wire, Inc. (the petitioner).<sup>4</sup> On August 2, 2021, Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd.<sup>5</sup> requested an administrative review of itself.<sup>6</sup> On

September 7, 2021, we initiated an administrative review of certain steel nails from Taiwan covering all companies for which a review was requested in accordance with section 751(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).<sup>7</sup>

On September 16, 2021, the petitioner filed a timely letter withdrawing its request for review of 61 of the 128 companies originally requested for review.<sup>8</sup> On September 16, 2021, Encore Green Co., Ltd. and Liang Kai Co. also withdrew their requests for review.<sup>9</sup> Further, while the petitioner withdrew its review request for Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd. and Integral Building Products, Inc., Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd. did not withdraw its request for review of itself.<sup>10</sup> Therefore, we are not rescinding the review of: (1) the single entity comprising Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd. and Integral Building Products Inc.; or (2) Liang Kai Co., because active review requests remain on the record for them. We are rescinding the review with respect to the 59 companies<sup>11</sup> for which all requests for review were timely withdrawn by interested parties.

On December 8, 2021, we selected King Chuang Wen Trading Co., Ltd. (King Chuang) and the single entity comprising Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd. and Integral Building Products Inc. (collectively, Liang Chyuan) as mandatory respondents in this administrative review.<sup>12</sup> King Chuang and Liang Chyuan did not respond to the AD questionnaire. On January 12, 2022, we selected Liang Kai Co., as an additional mandatory respondent.<sup>13</sup> Liang Kai Co. did not respond to the AD questionnaire.

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this administrative review, see the

*of 1930, As Amended*, 70 FR 24533 (May 10, 2005). Therefore, this request for review was timely.

<sup>7</sup> See *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 85 FR 50034 (September 7, 2021) (*Initiation Notice*).

<sup>8</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Withdrawal of Review Request," dated September 16, 2021.

<sup>9</sup> See Harris Bricken's Letter, "Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review," dated September 16, 2021. However, while Liang Kai Co. withdrew its request for review, the petitioner did not withdraw its review request for this company.

<sup>10</sup> Despite the petitioner's withdrawal of the sole review request with respect to Integral Building Products Inc., we do not intend to rescind the review with respect to this company because it is part of a single entity with Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd., for which a review request remains.

<sup>11</sup> See Appendix III.

<sup>12</sup> See Memorandum, "Respondent Selection," dated December 8, 2021.

<sup>13</sup> See Memorandum, "Selection of Additional Mandatory Respondent," dated January 12, 2022.

Preliminary Decision Memorandum.<sup>14</sup> The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via the Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <http://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the internet at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNotices/ListLayout.aspx>.

**Scope of the Order**

The merchandise covered by this *Order* is certain steel nails from Taiwan. The certain steel nails subject to the *Order* are currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 7317.00.55.02, 7317.00.55.03, 7317.00.55.05, 7317.00.55.07, 7317.00.55.08, 7317.00.55.11, 7317.00.55.18, 7317.00.55.19, 7317.00.55.20, 7317.00.55.30, 7317.00.55.40, 7317.00.55.50, 7317.00.55.60, 7317.00.55.70, 7317.00.55.80, 7317.00.55.90, 7317.00.65.30, 7317.00.65.60 and 7317.00.75.00. Certain steel nails subject to this *Order* also may be classified under HTSUS subheadings 7907.00.60.00, 8206.00.00.00 or other HTSUS subheadings. Although the HTSUS numbers are provided for convenience and for customs purposes, the written product description, available in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum, remains dispositive.

**Partial Rescission of Review**

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), Commerce will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if the party that requested the review withdraws its request within 90 days of the publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. Because all requests for administrative review of the 59 companies listed in Appendix III were withdrawn by interested parties within 90 days of the date of publication of the *Initiation Notice*, and no other interested party requested a review of them, Commerce is rescinding this review with respect to these companies, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1).

The administrative review remains active with respect to 69 companies (including the two companies

<sup>14</sup> See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan; 2020-2021," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

<sup>1</sup> See *Certain Steel Nails from the Republic of Korea, Malaysia, the Sultanate of Oman, Taiwan, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam: Antidumping Duty Orders*, 80 FR 39994 (July 13, 2015) (*Order*).

<sup>2</sup> See *Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation: Opportunity To Request Administrative Review*, 86 FR 35065 (July 1, 2021).

<sup>3</sup> See Harris Bricken's Letter, "Administrative Review Request," dated July 30, 2021.

<sup>4</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Request for Administrative Reviews," dated July 30, 2021.

<sup>5</sup> Commerce determined that Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd. and Integral Building Products Inc. comprise a single entity in *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2017-2018*, 84 FR 48116 (September 12, 2019), unchanged in *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Determination of No Shipments; 2017-2018*, 85 FR 14635 (March 13, 2020). Because there is nothing on the record calling into question our prior finding, we continue to treat these companies as part of a single entity for this administrative review.

<sup>6</sup> See Appleton Luff's Letter, "Administrative Review Request," dated August 2, 2021. Commerce's practice dictates that, where a deadline falls on a weekend or Federal holiday, the appropriate deadline is the next business day. See *Notice of Clarification: Application of "Next Business Day" Rule for Administrative Determination Deadlines Pursuant to the Tariff Act*

comprising the single Liang Chyuan entity, but listed separately in the *Initiation Notice*).

#### Methodology

Commerce is conducting this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology underlying the preliminary results, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

#### Preliminary Determination of No Shipments

Commerce received no-shipment certifications from four companies: Astrotech Steels Private Limited, Geekay Wires Limited, Region Industries Co., Ltd., and Region System Sdn. Bhd. To confirm these companies' no-shipment claims, Commerce issued a no-shipment inquiry to U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and received no contradictory information.<sup>15</sup> Therefore, we preliminarily determine that these four companies did not have any shipments of subject merchandise during the POR. Consistent with Commerce's practice, we will not rescind the review with respect to these companies, but, rather, will complete the review and issue instructions based on the final results.

Additionally, Wiresmith Industrial Co., Ltd. (Wiresmith) and Create Trading Co., Ltd. (Create Trading) are resellers of subject merchandise that reported that they had no reviewable sales or shipments during the POR because their respective unaffiliated producers had knowledge of the final U.S. destination of the subject merchandise that they produced and sold to the resellers. The resellers provided sales documentation, such as invoices and packing lists from their unaffiliated suppliers, as well as accounting records as evidence in support of their claims.<sup>16</sup> Commerce also issued supplemental questionnaires to both resellers requesting additional information regarding their respective statements of no sales or shipments.

Based on the information provided by both resellers, we preliminarily determine that Wiresmith and Create Trading were not the first parties in the transaction chain to have knowledge

that the subject merchandise was destined for the United States, and, thus, Wiresmith and Create Trading are not considered the exporters of subject merchandise during the POR for purposes of this review. Specifically, the record demonstrates that Wiresmith's and Create Trading's respective unaffiliated suppliers had knowledge that the steel nails they produced and sold to the resellers were destined for the United States. Thus, we preliminarily determine that Wiresmith and Create Trading had no shipments of subject merchandise during the POR.

Commerce finds that, based on the clarification in the 2003 *Assessment of Antidumping Duties*<sup>17</sup> notice regarding the reseller policy, we will not rescind the review in these circumstances but, rather, complete the review with respect to the resellers and issue appropriate instructions to CBP after the completion of the review.<sup>18</sup> Specifically, we preliminarily find it appropriate in this case to instruct CBP at the completion of the review to liquidate any existing entries of subject merchandise produced and exported by the resellers' respective unaffiliated suppliers at the rate applicable to the unaffiliated producers, which, as discussed below, in this case is the all-others rate.<sup>19</sup>

#### Facts Available

Pursuant to section 776(a) of the Act, Commerce is preliminarily relying upon facts otherwise available to assign estimated dumping margins to King Chuang, Liang Chyuan, and Liang Kai Co. because all three respondents were unresponsive to our requests for information, thereby withholding necessary information that was requested by Commerce, and significantly impeding the conduct of the review. Further, Commerce preliminarily determines that King Chuan, Liang Chyuan, and Liang Kai Co. failed to cooperate by not acting to the best of their ability to comply with requests for information and, thus, Commerce is applying an adverse inference in selecting among the facts available, in accordance with section

776(b) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology underlying our conclusions regarding the application of adverse facts available, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

#### Rate for Non-Selected Companies

The statute and Commerce's regulations do not directly address the establishment of a rate to be applied to companies not selected for individual examination when Commerce limits its examination in an administrative review pursuant to section 777A(c)(2) of the Act. Commerce's practice in calculating a rate for non-examined companies in cases involving limited selection based on exporters or producers accounting for the largest volumes of trade has been to look to section 735(c)(5) of the Act for guidance, which provides instructions for calculating the all-others rate in an investigation. In accordance with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit's decision in *Albemarle*,<sup>20</sup> we are relying on the "expected method" pursuant to section 735(c)(5)(B) of the Act and the SAA,<sup>21</sup> and, thus, are applying a review-specific rate based on the individual rates preliminarily applied to King Chuang, Liang Chyuan, and Liang Kai Co. in this administrative review (i.e., 78.17 percent) to the companies not selected for individual examination. For a detailed discussion, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

#### Preliminary Results of Review

We preliminarily determine that, for the period July 1, 2020, through June 30, 2021, the following estimated dumping margins exist:

Exporter/producer	Dumping margin (percent)
King Chuang Wen Trading Co., Ltd. ....	78.17
Liang Chyuan Industrial Co., Ltd./Integral Building Products Inc. ....	78.17
Liang Kai Co. ....	78.17

<sup>17</sup> See *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003) (*Assessment of Antidumping Duties*).

<sup>18</sup> *Id.*

<sup>19</sup> See, e.g., *Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India: Partial Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 73 FR 77610, 77612 (December 19, 2008) (*Shrimp from India*); *Certain Pasta from Turkey: Notice of Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 76 FR 23974, 23977 (April 29, 2011), unchanged in *Pasta from Turkey: Notice of Final Results of the 14th Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 76 FR 68399 (November 4, 2011) (*Pasta from Turkey*).

<sup>20</sup> See *Albemarle Corp. v. United States*, 821 F.3d 1345 (Fed. Cir. 2016) (*Albemarle*).

<sup>21</sup> See Statement of Administrative Action Accompanying the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, H.R. Rep. No. 103-316, Vol. 1 (1994) (SAA) at 873 (when "the dumping margins for all of the exporters and producers that are individually investigated are determined entirely on the basis of the facts available or are zero or de minimis . . . (t)he expected method in such cases will be to weight-average the zero and the de minimis margins and margins determined pursuant to the facts available.").

<sup>15</sup> See Memorandum, "No Shipment Inquiry," dated January 21, 2022, where CBP confirmed that "CBP's Base Metals ran an ACE query . . . and found no entries by: Wiresmith, Astrotech Steels Private Limited Company; Geekay Wires Limited; Region System, or Region System Sdn. Bhd.; Region Industries, or Region Industries Co., Ltd. . . ."

<sup>16</sup> See Create Trading Letter, "Statement of No Sales to the United States," dated October 7, 2021; see also Wiresmith Letter, "Statement of No Sales to the United States," dated October 7, 2021 (Wiresmith SNS).

Exporter/producer	Dumping margin (percent)
<b>Review-Specific Average Rate Applicable to Companies Under Review Not Selected for Individual Examination</b>	
See Appendix II for the 59 companies under review subject to the review-specific rate .....	78.17

### Disclosure and Public Comment

Normally, Commerce discloses the calculations performed in connection with preliminary results to interested parties within five days after the date of publication of this notice. Because Commerce preliminarily applied a rate based on total AFA to each of the mandatory respondents in this review, in accordance with section 776 of the Act, there are no calculations to disclose.

Interested parties may submit case briefs no later than 30 days after the date of publication of this notice.<sup>22</sup> Rebuttal briefs, the content of which is limited to the issues raised in the case briefs, must be filed within seven days from the deadline date for the submission of case briefs.<sup>23</sup> Parties who submit case or rebuttal briefs in this proceeding are requested to submit with each argument: (1) a statement of the issue; (2) a brief summary of the argument; and (3) a table of authorities.<sup>24</sup> Case and rebuttal briefs should be filed electronically via ACCESS.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, filed electronically via ACCESS. An electronically-filed document must be received successfully in its entirety by ACCESS by 5 p.m. Eastern Time within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice.<sup>25</sup> Hearing requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants; and (3) a list of issues to be discussed. Issues raised in the hearing will be limited to issues raised in the briefs. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at a time and date to be determined.<sup>26</sup>

<sup>22</sup> See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(1)(i).

<sup>23</sup> See 19 CFR 351.309(d)(1) and (2); see also *Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID-19*, 85 FR 17006 (March 26, 2020).

<sup>24</sup> See 19 CFR 351.309(c)(2) and (d)(2); see also *Temporary Rule Modifying AD/CVD Service Requirements Due to COVID-19; Extension of Effective Period*, 85 FR 41363 (July 10, 2020).

<sup>25</sup> See 19 CFR 351.310(c).

<sup>26</sup> *Id.*

Commerce intends to issue the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis raised in any written briefs, no later than 120 days after the publication of these preliminary results in the **Federal Register**, unless otherwise extended.<sup>27</sup>

### Verification

As provided in section 782(i)(3) of the Act, Commerce verified the information relied upon in making its preliminary results with respect to Create Trading. Normally, Commerce verifies information using standard procedures, including an on-site examination of original accounting, financial, and sales documentation. However, due to travel restrictions in response to the global COVID-19 pandemic, Commerce was unable to conduct on-site verification in this review. Accordingly, we chose to verify the information relied upon in making the preliminary results through alternative means in lieu of an on-site verification. Commerce issued a questionnaire in lieu of on-site verification to Create Trading.<sup>28</sup>

### Assessment Rates

Upon completion of the administrative review, Commerce shall determine, and CBP shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. For the companies for which we have rescinded this review, Commerce intends to instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries at a rate equal to the cash deposit rate of estimated antidumping duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, during the POR, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP for the rescinded companies no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the preliminary results of this administrative review in the **Federal Register**.

If the preliminary results are unchanged for the final results, we will instruct CBP to apply an *ad valorem* assessment rate of 78.17 percent to all entries of subject merchandise during the POR which were produced and/or exported by King Chuang, Liang Chyuan, Liang Kai Co., and the companies which were not selected for individual examination.

With respect to the four companies that certified they had no shipments, if we continue to find that they had no

<sup>27</sup> See section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act; see also 19 CFR 351.213(h).

<sup>28</sup> See Commerce's Letter, "In Lieu of On-Site Verification Questionnaire," dated May 2, 2022.

shipments of subject merchandise in the final results, we will instruct CBP to liquidate any existing entries of subject merchandise produced by the four companies, but exported by other parties, at the rate for the intermediate reseller, if available, or at the all-others rate.

With respect to the two resellers, Wiresmith and Create Trading, as discussed above, we preliminarily determine that the resellers were not the first parties in the transaction chain to have knowledge that the subject merchandise was destined for the United States, and thus the resellers are not considered the exporters of subject merchandise during the POR for purposes of this review. Consistent with the 2003 *Assessment of Antidumping Duties* notice and reseller policy, we find it appropriate in this case to instruct CBP to liquidate any existing entries of merchandise produced by the resellers' unaffiliated producers and exported by the resellers at the rate applicable to the producer(s).<sup>29</sup> Because none of the producer(s) have their own rates, we will instruct CBP to liquidate entries at the all-others rate from the investigation, as revised, of 2.16 percent,<sup>30</sup> in accordance with the reseller policy.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

### Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the final results of this administrative review for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for King Chuang, Liang Chyuan, and Liang Kai Co and the companies listed in Appendix II will be

<sup>29</sup> See, e.g., *Shrimp from India*; and *Pasta from Turkey*.

<sup>30</sup> The all-others rate from the underlying investigation was revised in *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony with Final Determination in Less than Fair Value Investigation and Notice of Amended Final Determination*, 82 FR 55090, 55091 (November 20, 2017).



equal to the dumping margin established in the final results of this administrative review; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which they were reviewed; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or in the investigation, but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 2.16 percent, the all-others rate. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

#### Notification to Importers

This notice also serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and sections 19 CFR 351.213(h)(1) and 351.221(b)(4).

Dated: June 7, 2022.

Lisa W. Wang,  
Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

#### Appendix I—List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the Order
- IV. Discussion of the Methodology
- V. Recommendation

#### Appendix II—List of Companies Under Review Not Selected for Individual Examination

1. Acu-Transport Co., Ltd.
2. Allwin Architectural Hardware Inc.
3. Alsons Manufacturing India LLP
4. An Chen Fa Machinery Co., Ltd.
5. Bollore Logistics India Private Ltd.
6. Bon Voyage Logistics Inc.
7. Boss Precision Works Co., Ltd.
8. C.H. Robinson Freight Services Ltd.
9. C.H. Robinson World Wide India Pvt. Ltd.
10. Casia Global Logistics Co., Ltd.

11. Chief Ling Enterprise Co., Ltd
12. China Intl. Freight Co., Ltd.
13. China Sea Forwarders Co., Ltd.
14. Crane Worldwide Logistics LLC
15. De Well Container Shipping Inc.
16. DHL Global Forwarding Sg. Pte. Ltd.
17. Diversified Freight System Corporation
18. Eusu Logistics Co., Ltd.
19. Evergreen Logistics Corp.
20. Everise Global Logistics Co., Ltd.
21. Grandlink Logistics Co., Ltd.
22. Honour Lane Logistics Company Ltd.
23. Honour Lane Shipping Ltd.
24. Houseware Taiwan Industries Ltd.
25. Inmax Industries Sdn. Bhd.
26. K.E. & Kingstone Co., Ltd.
27. Kay Guay Enterprises Co., Ltd.
28. Kerry Indev Logistics Private Limited
29. King Compass Logistics Limited
30. King Freight International Corp.
31. Lien Bin Industries Co., Ltd.
32. New Marine Consolidator Co., Ltd.
33. NMC Logistics International Co., Ltd.
34. Oceanlink/Topair International Co.
35. OEC Freight Worldwide Co., Ltd.
36. Orient Containers Sdn., Bhd.
37. Orient Express Container Co., Ltd.
38. Orient Star International Logistics Co., Ltd.
39. Orient Star Transport International Ltd.
40. Oriental Vanguard Logistics Co., Ltd.
41. Pacific Concord International Ltd.
42. Pacific Star Express Corp.
43. Panda Logistics Co., Ltd.
44. Ray Fu Enterprise Co., Ltd.
45. SAR Transport Systems Pvt. Ltd.
46. Schenker (H.K.) Ltd.
47. Storeit Services LLP.
48. Success Progress International Tran
49. T.H.I. Logistics Co., Ltd.
50. T.V.L. Container Line Limited
51. The Ultimate Freight Management (Taiwan) Ltd.
52. Topocean Consolidation Service (Taiwan) Ltd.
53. Trans Luck Global Logistics Co., Ltd.
54. Trans Wagon International Co., Ltd.
55. Transwell Logistics Co., Ltd.
56. Transworld Transportation Co., Ltd.
57. UPS Supply Chain Solutions (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.
58. Valuemax Products Co., Ltd.
59. Worldwide Logistics Co., Ltd.

#### Appendix III—Companies Rescinded From Review

1. Aplus Pneumatic Corp.
2. Bonuts Hardware Logistics Co., Ltd.
3. Cheng CH International Co., Ltd.
4. Chia Pao Metal Co., Ltd.
5. China Staple Enterprise Corporation
6. Chite Enterprises Co., Ltd.
7. Crown Run Industrial Corp.
8. De Fasteners Inc.
9. Easylink Industrial Co., Ltd.
10. Encore Green Co., Ltd.
11. Faithful Engineering Products Co., Ltd.
12. General Merchandise Consolidators, Inc.
13. Hor Liang Industrial Corp.
14. Hoyi Plus Co., Ltd.
15. Interactive Corp.
16. Jade Shuttle Enterprise Co., Ltd.
17. Jau Yeou Industry Co., Ltd.
18. JC Grand Corporation
19. Jen Ju Enterprise Co., Ltd.
20. Jet Crown International Co., Ltd.

21. Jiajue Industrial Co., Ltd.
22. Jinsco International Corp.
23. Ko's Nail Inc.
24. Korea Wire Co., Ltd.
25. Linkwell Industry Co., Ltd.
26. Locksure Inc.
27. Lu Kang Hand Tools Industrial Co., Ltd.
28. Master United Corp.
29. Maytrans International Corp.
30. Ming Cheng Hardware Co., Ltd.
31. Nailermate Enterprise Corporation
32. Nailtech Co., Ltd.
33. Newrex Screw Corporation
34. Panther T&H Industry Co.
35. Patek Tool Co., Ltd.
36. Point Edge Corp.
37. President Industrial Inc.
38. Pro Team Coil Nail Enterprise Inco.<sup>31</sup>
39. PT Enterprise, Inc.<sup>32</sup>
40. Romp Coil Nail Industries Inc.
41. Shinn Chuen Corp.
42. Six2 Fastener Imports Inc.
43. Taiwan Shan Yin International Co., Ltd.
44. Taiwan Wakisangyo Co., Ltd.
45. Techart Mechanical Corporation
46. Test-Rite Int'l Co., Ltd.
47. Theps Co., Ltd.
48. Trans-Top Enterprise Co., Ltd.
49. Trim International Inc.
50. U-Can-Do Hardware Corp.
51. UJL Industries Co., Ltd.
52. Unicatch Industrial Co., Ltd.
53. Vim International Enterprise Co., Ltd.
54. Wattson Fastener Group Inc.
55. Wictory Co., Ltd.
56. Yehdyi Enterprise Co., Ltd.
57. Yu Chi Hardware Co., Ltd.
58. Zhishan Xing Enterprise Co., Ltd.
59. Zon Mon Co., Ltd.

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-423-813]

#### Citric Acid and Certain Citrate Salts From Belgium: Notice of Initiation and Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Changed Circumstances Review

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

<sup>31</sup> Commerce determined that Pro-Team and PT Enterprise comprise a single entity in *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Partial Rescission of Administrative Review; 2015-2016*, 82 FR 36744 (August 7, 2017), unchanged in *Certain Steel Nails from Taiwan: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Partial Rescission of Administrative Review; 2015-2016*, 83 FR 6163 (February 13, 2018). However, Commerce inadvertently listed them separately in the *Initiation Notice*, rather than as a combined single entity on a single line.

<sup>32</sup> As noted above, PT Enterprise Inc. and Pro Team Coil Nail Enterprise Inco. comprise a single entity. Commerce inadvertently listed them separately in the *Initiation Notice*, rather than as a combined single entity on a single line.

